FLUOPYRAM	GROUP	7	FUNGICIDE
PROTHIOCONAZOLE	GROUP	3	FUNGICIDE
PROPAMOCARB HCL	GROUP	28	FUNGICIDE

Fungicide

For control of root diseases in golf course turfgrass. Intended for use by professional applicators only.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Fluopyram: N-[2-[3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl]ethyl]-2-	
(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	0.92%
Prothioconazole: 2-[2-{1-Chlorocyclopropyl)-3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-	
hydroxypropyl]-1,2-dihydro-3H-1,2,4-triazole-3-thione	
Propamocarb hydrochloride: Propyl [3-(dimethylamino)propyl]	
carbamate monohydrochloride	
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	
TOTAL:	100.00%

SHAKE WELL BEFORE USING

RESILIA is a suspension concentrate that contains: 0.0814 pounds Fluopyram, 0.147 pounds Prothioconazole, and 3.02 pounds Propamocarb hydrochloride per U.S. gallon.

EPA Reg. No. 101563-223

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

See Back Panel for First Aid Instructions and Booklet for Complete Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

For MEDICAL And TRANSPORTATION Emergencies ONLY Call 24 Hours A Day 1-800-424-9300 For <u>PRODUCT USE</u> Information Call 1-800-331-2867

D00000125 D00000158A 221216AV1 Net Contents: 2.72 Gallons



Produced for Environmental Science U.S., LLC 5000 CentreGreen Way, Suite 400 Cary, NC 27513

	FIRST AID
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF INHALED:	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
IF SWALLOWED:	 Immediately call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do Not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do Not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
IF IN EYES:	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
	f emergency call toll free the Environmental Science U.S., LLC Emergency Response lo. 1-800-424-9300. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center, doctor, or going for treatment.

Note to Physician: No specific antidote. Treat symptomatically.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
 Chemical resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber > 14
- Chemical resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥ 14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥ 14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥ 14 mils, polyvinyl chloride ≥ 14 mils, or viton ≥ 14 mils.
- Shoes and socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning and maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to estuarine/marine invertebrates and freshwater/estuarine/marine aquatic plants. Drift and runoff are hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas.

For terrestrial uses: **Do not** apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

Ground Water Advisory

This product has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in ground water. Prothioconazole-desthio (a degradate of prothioconazole) is known to leach through soil into ground water under certain conditions as a result of label use. Use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in ground-water contamination.

Surface Water Advisory

This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several months or more after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of fluopyram, prothioconazole and degradates from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall or irrigation is expected to occur within 48 hours. Sound erosion control practices will reduce this product's potential to reach aquatic sediment via runoff.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Read the entire label before using this product.

Do Not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses. Golf courses are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard. Do Not enter or allow others to enter treated areas until sprays have dried.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Resilia™ is a completely water-miscible broad spectrum systemic fungicide suspension concentrate, used for the control of root diseases in golf course turfgrass.

Resilia contains active ingredients, fluopyram, prothioconazole and propamocarb hydrochloride where: Fluopyram - belongs to the Succinate dehydrogenase inhibitor (SDHI) class of fungicides; Fungicide Resistance Action Committee (FRAC) Group 7.

Prothioconazole - belongs to the Demethylation inhibitor (DMI) class of fungicides, FRAC Group 3, and Propamocarb hydrochloride - belongs to the Carbamate class of fungicides; FRAC Group 28.

To maximize disease control, apply this product in a regularly scheduled spray program and use in rotation with other fungicides.

Resilia is a protectant against damage caused by certain plant pathogenic nematodes.

TURFGRASS COMPATIBILITY Due to the variability within turfgrass species and cultivars, along with possible tank-mix combinations, including additives and other pesticides, neither the seller nor the manufacturer has determined whether or not all turfgrasses or combinations are compatible with Resilia under all conditions.

Before applying any mixture not specifically listed on this label, it is advised to confirm biological compatibility testing with the combination. To confirm biological compatibility, mix the products in accordance to labeled rates and spray a small area of target turf under similar conditions to target area and monitor for any phytotoxic response or other adverse effect before applying **Resilia** to targeted area.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

For resistance management, Resilia contains fluopyram (a FRAC Group 7 fungicide), prothioconazole (a FRAC Group 3 fungicide), and propamocarb HCl (a FRAC Group 28 fungicide). Any fungal population may contain individuals naturally resistant to Resilia and other fungicides belonging to FRAC groups 7, 3 and 28. A gradual or total loss of pest control may occur over time if these fungicides are used repeatedly in the same turf areas. Appropriate resistance-management strategies must be followed.

To delay fungicide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of Resilia or other FRAC Group 7, 3 and 28 fungicides within a growing season sequence with different groups that control the same pathogens.
- Use tank mixtures with fungicides from a different group that are equally effective on the target pathogens when such use is permitted.
- Use the stated application rate as labeled by the manufacturer. Use of rates below the minimumlabeled rate can shorten the useful life of a fungicide. Furthermore, stretching application intervals too long may leave turf unprotected, allowing the pathogen population to multiply, and increasing the likelihood for resistance to develop.
- Adopt an integrated disease management program for fungicide use that includes scouting, uses historical information related to pesticide use, and turf renovation, and which considers host plant resistance, impact of environmental conditions on disease development, disease thresholds, as well as cultural, biological and other chemical control practices.
- Spray programs that begin before pathogens attack keep fungal populations low and reduce the likelihood of resistance. Consult your local extension specialist, certified advisor and/or manufacturer representative for recommendations on when to begin spray programs.
- Where possible, make use of predictive disease models to effectively time fungicide applications. Note that using predictive models alone is not sufficient to manage resistance. Monitor treated fungal populations for resistance development.
- Contact your local extension specialist [or certified crop advisor] for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or IPM recommendations for specific [crops and] pathogens.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance contact Environmental Science U.S., LLC at 1-800-331-2867. You can also contact your pesticide distributor or university extension specialist to report resistance.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

Apply Resilia through ground application equipment with boom below and behind the operator to target soil turfgrass diseases. See 'Directions For Use' for application rates and use instructions. Turfgrass injury and/or inferior disease control may result upon failure to follow label directions.

Ground Application Equipment and Nozzles

Before use, ensure equipment is properly calibrated. Use nozzles that are accurate, and provide uniform coverage to the turfgrass foliage and/or the soil surface. Use the same size nozzles, uniformly distributed across the boom, and operate nozzles within the spray pressure directions suggested by the nozzle manufacturer.

Spray Equipment Preparation and Mixing Instructions

Prepare no more spray mixture than is necessary for the immediate application. Start with clean spray equipment before using this product. While preparing the mixture, and throughout the entire spray operation, maintain agitation. DO NOT let the spray mixture stand overnight in the spray tank. Following use, flush the spray equipment thoroughly. Rinsate may be applied to the previously treated areas, or disposed of according to local regulations.

Mixing Instructions for Resilia alone

- Add ½ of the required amount of water to the mix tank.
- With the agitator running, add **Resilia** to the mix tank.
- Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water.
 Begin application after the product has completely and uniformly dispersed into the mix water.
- Maintain agitation until all of the mixture has been applied.

Application Volume

Apply Resilia in a minimum of 60 gallons of spray solution per acre. Complete coverage and uniform applications are essential for most effective results, especially when lower spray volumes are applied. If necessary, increase spray volume for uniform and complete coverage.

Tank Mixture Precautions

Follow use precautions and restrictions on this label and for all tank-mix partners, if mixing Resilia with other pesticides. If using Resilia in a tank mixture, observe all directions for use, sites, rates, dilution ratios, precautions, and limitations, which appear on the tank-mix product label. This product must not be mixed with any product that prohibits such mixing. Tank mixtures or other applications of products are permitted only in those states in which the products are registered.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Tank Mixture Compatibility Test

When mixing **Resilia** with new or unknown tank mix partners including pesticides, fertilizers, spray adjuvants and micronutrients, perform a compatibility test to determine potential for incompatibility during mixing. The recommended compatibility test is as follows.

- Use a clear jar with a secure water tight lid.
- Add a small amount of source water (e.g. 1 quart), followed by each mixture partner at planned labelled use rates, using mixing order as described below.
- With all mixture partners added, securely cap jar and invert 10 to 15 times to mix each component. Let stand for 15-20 minutes.
- Observe solution for any signs of incompatibility or instability. Mixed solution should be free from formed precipitates, gels, heavy free oil films, or separations of mixture components, including distinct layering.
- · If incompatibility is noted, repeat steps above by removing individual components to determine a compatible mixture, if desired. Additionally, if mixture is readily re-mixable, then mixture can be used so long as agitation is maintained.
- If incompatibility is not resolved, Do Not use this tank mix combination.

Once compatibility has been proven, use the same procedure for adding required ingredients to the spray tank. For further information, contact your local Environmental Science U.S., LLC representative.

Mixing Order of Resilia + Tank Mixture Partners

- Add ½ of the required amount of water to the mix tank. Start the agitator running before adding any of the tank mixture partners.
- All products in water-soluble packaging should be added to the tank before any other tank-mix partner, including Resilia.
- Allow water-soluble packaging to completely disperse before adding any other tank mixture partners to the tank. In general, tank mixture partners should be added in this order:

1) Products packaged in water-soluble packaging

- 2) Wettable powders
- 3) Wettable granules (dry flowables)
- 4) Liquid flowables
- 5) Liquids
- 6) Emulsifiable concentrates.
- · Always allow each tank mixture partner to become fully and uniformly dispersed before adding the next product.
- Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water.
- · Begin application of the solution after all products have completely, and uniformly dispersed into the mix water. Maintain agitation until all of the mixture has been applied.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- For use only on golf course turfgrass (greens, tees, fairways and roughs).
- Not for sale, distribution, or use in Nassau and Suffolk counties, New York except as permitted under FIFRA 24(c), Special Local Need registration.
- Not for residential use. DO NOT use on home lawns and turf sites associated with apartment buildings, daycare centers, playgrounds, playfields, recreational parks, athletic fields, schools, campgrounds, churches, and theme parks.
- DO NOT exceed 16 fl oz product/1000 ft² per year, equivalent to 0.44 lbs a.i./A/year of fluopyram, 0.8 lbs a.i./A/year of prothioconazole, and 16.4 lbs a.i./A/year of propamocarb hydrochloride.
- DO NOT use clippings from treated areas for animal feed.
- **DO NOT** apply by aerial application.
- DO NOT apply through any type of irrigation equipment (chemigation).
- · For ground application equipment only. DO NOT use with handheld application equipment, including mechanically pressurized spray gun, backpack or tank pressurized spray gun, spray hawk or handheld boom applicators.

USE INFORMATION

- After application, allow foliage to dry prior to mowing.
- Use of skirted spray booms will further reduce spray drift.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Mandatory Spray Drift

Ground Boom Applications:

- Apply with the nozzle height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 3 feet above the ground or plant canopy.
- Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- DO NOT apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- DO NOT apply during temperature inversions.

SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSILBE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT. BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift with be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

Controlling Droplet Size

- Volume Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- Pressure Use the lowest spray pressure for the spray nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- Spray Nozzle Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

BOOM HEIGHT

Use the lowest boom height that is compatible with the spray nozzles that will provide uniform coverage. For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the target plants and have minimal bounce.

SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

WIND

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS. Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Resilia controls a range of turf root diseases.

Refer to the table below for target pest, rate structure, and specific application instructions. Apply **Resilia** preventively when conditions are favorable for target pest activity. Reapply as needed, using shorter intervals when target pest pressure is high but **Do Not** exceed maximum specified rate. Adequately water-in applications to the depth of the root zone or target pest. See 'Application Directions' for further application instructions on equipment, nozzles, spray volumes and mixing instructions.

Target Pest	Application Rate (fl oz Product /1000 ft²) ¹	Interval between Applications (days)	Application Instructions	
Fairy Ring (caused by Basidiomycete fungi)	4	14-28	Apply Resilia preventively when	
Pythium root rot (<i>Pythium</i> spp.)	4	14-21	conditions are favorable for target	
Spring Dead Spot (Ophiosphaerella korrae, O. herpotricha, Leptosphaeria korrae, L. narmari)	4	14-28	pest activity. Reapply as needed,	
Summer Patch (<i>Magnaporthe poae</i>)	4	14-28	using shorter intervals when target pest pressure is high but Do Not exceed maximum specified	
Take-all Patch (Gaeumannomyces graminis var. avenae) *	4	14-28		
Take-all Root Rot [Bermudagrass Decline, Warm Season Turfgrass Decline] (Gaeumannomyces graminis var. graminis)	4	14-28	rate. Adequately water-in applications to the depth of the root zone or target pest.	
Plant pathogenic nematodes including sting, root-knot. For suppression only.	4	14-28		

¹4 fl oz product/1,000 ft² equates to 0.11 lbs a.i./A of fluopyram, 0.2 lbs a.i./A of prothioconazole, and 4.1 lbs a.i./A of propamocarb hydrochloride.

*Not for Use in California

RATE RESTRICTIONS

- Maximum Single Rate: DO NOT exceed 4 fl oz product/1000 ft² per application, equivalent to 0.11 lbs a.i./A of fluopyram, 0.2 lbs a.i./A of prothioconazole, and 4.1 lbs a.i./A of propamocarb hydrochloride.
- 2) Yearly Maximum Rate: DO NOT exceed 16 fl oz product/1000 ft² per year, equivalent to 0.44 lbs a.i./A/year of fluopyram, 0.8 lbs a.i./A/year of prothioconazole, and 16.4 lbs a.i./A/year of propamocarb hydrochloride.
- 3) **DO NOT** exceed 4 applications per year using the maximum single application rate.

4) Minimum Interval Between Applications is 14 days.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do Not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE

Store in original container and keep tightly closed when not in use. Store in a cool, dry place. Avoid cross-contamination with other pesticides.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Pesticides wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be used according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA regional office for guidance in proper disposal methods.

CONTAINER HANDLING

Rigid Non-Refillable containers with capacities smaller or equal to 5 gallons

PLASTIC CONTAINERS:

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or other procedures approved by the state.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATIONS OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness, plant injury, other property damage, as well as other unintended consequences may result because of factors beyond the control of Environmental Science U.S., LLC. Those factors include, but are not limited to, weather conditions, presence of other materials or the manner of use or application. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE U.S., LLC MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OTHERWISE, THAT EXTEND BEYOND THE STATEMENTS MADE ON THIS LABEL. No agent of Environmental Science U.S., LLC is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE U.S., LLC DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY WHATSOEVER FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY: TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER FOR ANY AND ALL LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE, SHALL NOT EXCEED THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID, OR AT ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE U.S., LLC'S ELECTION, THE REPLACEMENT OF PRODUCT.

Envu and the Envu logo are trademarks and Resilia™ is a trademark owned by Environmental Science U.S., LLC or one of its affiliates.

Fungicide

For control of root diseases in golf course turfgrass. Intended for use by professional applicators only.

- **ACTIVE INGREDIENT:**
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- **0.92%** trifluoromethyl)benzamide...... Prothioconazole: 2-[2-[1-Chlorocyclopropyl)-3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-hydroxypropyl]-1,2-dihydro-
- 1**.66%** 3H-1,2,4-triazole-3-thione. Propamocarb hydrochloride: Propyl

monohydrochloride	34,19%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	
TOTAL	100.00%

SHAKE WELL BEFORE USING

Resilia is a suspension concentrate that contains: 0.0814 pounds Fluopyram, 0.147 pounds Prothioconazole, and 3.02 pounds Propamocarb hydrochloride per U.S. gallon. EPA Reg. No. 101563-223

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FIRST AID

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IF SWALLOWED:	 Immediately call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do Not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do Not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. 	
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PROPAMOCARB HCL	GROUP	28	FUNGICIDE

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- · Chemical resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber \ge 14 mils, nitrile rubber \ge 14 mils, neoprene rubber \ge 14 mils, polyvinyl chloride \ge 14 mils, or viton \ge 14 mils.

Shoes and socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning and maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

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Users should:

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 Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets
- inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do Not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE

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Pesticides wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be used according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA regional office for guidance in proper disposal methods

CONTAINER HANDLING

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