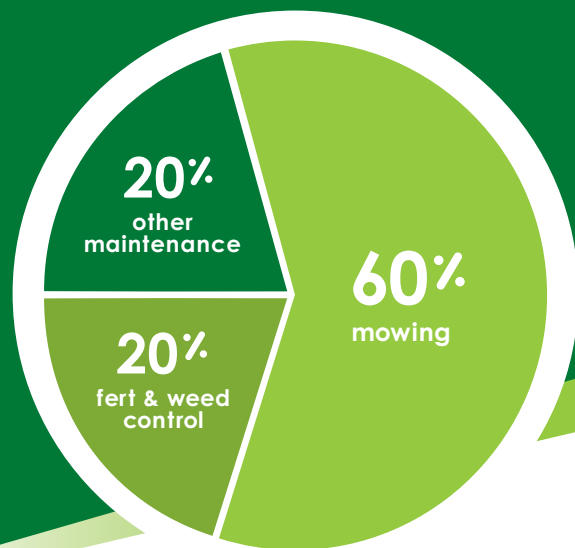


Reduce one of
your **biggest costs**
while achieving
superior results



Typical Share of Landscape Budget*

Minimal Investment

- For a small premium per square foot, you can significantly reduce mowing time and cost

Maximum Value

- Mowing cost savings estimated at \$1,500 per acre, per year—every year*

Scotts® ProVista™ Kentucky Bluegrass



Conventional Kentucky Bluegrass



proVista
kentucky bluegrass

ADVANCED TURF SOLUTIONS

Contact an Advanced Turf
Solutions Sales Representative
for more information!

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Less Mowing.
More Time
to Grow Your
Business.

Professional Guide

Use and Care Instructions

*Landscape budget percentages based on Scotts® proprietary market research.
Based on estimated \$80-\$200 cost per acre to mow.

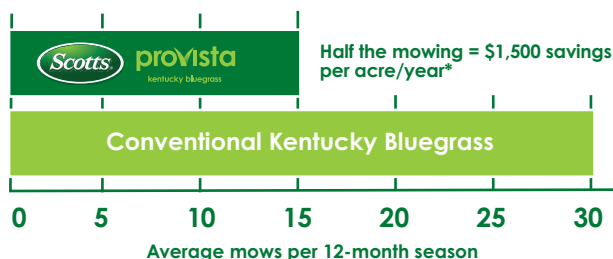


proVista
kentucky bluegrass

professional use and care instructions

Cost Effective

- Scott's® ProVista™ grows slower than conventional Kentucky Bluegrass, saving valuable mowing time and reducing maintenance costs



Complete Weed Control

- Easily combat weeds, without damaging turf
- Beautiful green, uniform, dense appearance

Eco-Consconscious Lawn

- Reduced mowing means less carbon emissions
- Reduced inputs: stays green with less fertilizer

Half the Mowing

- Save valuable time and money
- No change in mowing heights required

Follow Standard Kentucky Bluegrass Turf Maintenance Program

- Refer to your state extension site for best management practices
- No special care needed vs. conventional Kentucky Bluegrass turf

An Added Tool in Your Toolbox - for Invasive, Grassy Weeds

How to Use Glyphosate on Scott's ProVista:

Only to be used on Scott's ProVista turf; will kill conventional grass.

- Only apply if alternative active ingredients were not effective or are not available for existing weed pressure.
- Utilize pre-emergent herbicides for weed prevention to minimize the need for broadcast Glyphosate applications.
- Scott's ProVista turfgrass that is healthy and actively growing under normal growing conditions is tolerant to Glyphosate. Injury may occur when applied under stresses, such as, but not limited to heat, drought, shade, salinity, disease, insect pressure, or cold (below 50°F within 10 days of an application).

- For spring seeded establishment, a single, professionally applied, broadcast Glyphosate application should occur no sooner than 6 weeks after seeding. For fall seeded establishment, a professionally applied Glyphosate application should be made no sooner than the following spring after turf is actively growing. These broadcast Glyphosate applications should be made in conjunction with a pre-emergent herbicide that is safe during seeding and early establishment. Glyphosate applications should not be made if air temperatures are forecasted to drop below 50°F within 7 days of an application.
- When spraying Glyphosate, tank mix other postemergent herbicides with efficacy on the target weed to ensure multiple modes of action are applied.
- Apply 41% Glyphosate at 32 fl oz per acre (or 0.75 fl oz per 1,000 ft²) in carrier volume of 40 gal per acre (or 1 gal per 1,000 ft²) with a maximum of 3 broadcast applications per calendar year.
- For difficult to control weeds, apply 48 fl oz per acre (or 1.125 fl oz per 1,000 ft²) in carrier volume of 40 gal per acre (or 1 gal per 1,000 ft²) with a maximum of 2 broadcast applications per calendar year.