Lebanon Pi



FERTILIZE **Prodiamine 0.38%**

PREEMERGENCE WEED CONTROL



GUARANTEED ANALYSIS

Total Nitrogen (N)	11.0%
2.8% Ammoniacal Nitrogen	
0.9% Water Insoluble Nitrogen	
7.3% Urea Nitrogen	
Soluble Potash (K ₂ 0)	3.0%
Sulfur (S)	3.0%
3.0% Combined Sulfur (S)	

Derived From: Ammonium Sulfate, Biosolids, Urea, Muriate of Potash.

Chlorine (CI) not more than

Information regarding the contents and levels of metals in this product is available on the Internet at: http://www.regulatory-info-lebsea.com

SUGGESTED SPREADER SETTINGS			
Spreader	3.9#/1,000 sq. ft.	Spreader	3.9#/1,000 sq. ft.
LebanonTurf	41/2	Lesco (letter/Numeric)	J21
Andersons AccuPro	M	PennMulch HVO	N
Earthway Rotary	16	ProScape SS	N
Gandy	28	Spyker [*]	4½
Lely	6 II	Vićon (all models)	26
These settings were calibrated and field tested. However, age and condition of spreader, speed of operation and evenness of			

terrain may require slightly different settings for desired coverage.

ProScape, LebanonTurf, and PennMulch are registered trademarks of Lebanon Seaboard Corporation.

For selective preemergence control of listed grass and broadleaf weeds in:

- established turfgrasses (excluding golf course putting greens) and lawns
- landscape ornamentals (including established perennials & wildflower plantings)

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Prodiamine	0.38%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	
TOTAL	100.00%

EPA Rea. No. 961-365

(L) EPA Est. No. 961-PA-01:961-IL-01 Superscript used is first letter of lot number.

(D)

READ THE ENTIRE LABEL BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT. USE ONLY ACCORDING TO LABEL INSTRUCTIONS. Before buying this product, read the Warranty Section elsewhere on this label.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened container to the place of purchase at once.

CAUTION

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Causes moderate eye injury (irritation). Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact while handling the material may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

FIRST AID		
IF IN EYES:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.	
	Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.	
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	
IF ON SKIN	Take off contaminated clothing.	
OR CLOTHING:	Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.	
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	
IF INHALED:	Move person to fresh air.	
	If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.	
	Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.	
Have the product cont	ainer or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact (888) 208-1368 for emergency medical treatment information.	

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product has low solubility in water. At the limits of solubility, this product is not toxic to fish. However, at concentrations above the level of water solubility, it may be toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent sites. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

If material is spilled: Contain and sweep up material of spill for disposal or use per label instructions. Wash cleanup equipment to prevent contamination elsewhere. Excess quantities above normal application rates could result in damage to plants subject to spill. Water-in remainder, disc under, cover with layer of soil, or leave exposed to sunlight, as deemed appropriate to the situation.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

This product is a selective preemergence herbicide that provides residual control of many grass and broadleaf weeds as listed in established turfgrasses (excluding golf course putting greens) and lawns, landscape ornamentals, established perennials and wildflower plantings. This product controls susceptible weeds by inhibiting weed seeds germination and root development. Most effective weed control will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1-2 inches) incorporation, prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application.

Not for use on plants being grown (1) for sale or other commercial use, (2) for commercial seed production, or (3) for research purposes. For use on plants intended for aesthetic purposes or climatic modification and being grown in ornamental gardens or parks, or on golf courses or lawns and grounds.

Do not graze or feed livestock forage cut from areas treated with this product.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system

Apply uniformly with suitable, calibrated application equipment.

Do not apply aerially.

Do not apply to golf course putting greens.

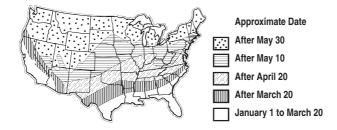
APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

ESTABLISHED TURF

This product is a selective preemergence herbicide that, when properly applied, will control certain grass and broadleaf weeds as listed in established turfgrasses and lawns. The maximum amount of this product to apply per year is given for each turfgrass species in the **Maximum Annual Rates** section of this label.

Most effective weed control in turfgrasses will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application. See the map below for approximate crabgrass seed germination dates.

CRABGRASS SEED GERMINATION DATES





For technical assistance or more information about our products visit www.LebanonTurf.com Manufactured by:

Lebanon Seaboard Corporation

1600 E. Cumberland St. • Lebanon, PA 17042

800-233-0628 • (717) 273-1685 Made in the U.S.A. www.LebanonTurf.com



Net Weight 50 LBS. (22.7 kg)

USE PRECAUTIONS

The following precautions apply to the use of this product in turfgrasses and lawns:

Application of this product may thin emerged annual bluegrass and newly overseeded grasses.

Do not apply to overseeded turf within 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer. Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if this product is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second inch of soil, not thatch plus soil.

Do not apply to newly set sod until the following year.

Application of this product to turf stressed by drought, low fertility, or pest damage may result in turf injury.

Disturbing the herbicide barrier with cultural practices such as disking may result in reduced weed control.

Do not apply this product to putting greens or areas where dichondra, colonial bentgrass, velvet bentgrass or annual bluegrass (Poa annua) are desirable species.

RATES OF APPLICATION

Apply this product as a single application or in sequential applications to control weeds germinating throughout the year. All applications must be made prior to germination of the target weeds. This product will not control established weeds.

Maximum use rate selection should be based on turf species. The length of time of residual weed control provided by this product is related to the rate applied.

MAXIMUM ANNUAL RATES

This product is suggested for use on the turfgrass species listed in the following table. Do not exceed the maximum yearly rate as given in the following table:

MAXIMUM APPLICATION RATE/CALENDAR YEAR of Lebanon Pro Brand FERTILIZER WITH Prodiamine 0.38% PREEMERGENCE WEED CONTROL by Turfgrass Species¹⁾

Turf Species:	Lbs. Product/Acre	Lbs. Al/Acre	Lbs./1,000 Sq. Ft.
Bermudagrass ²¹ , Bahiagrass, Centipedegrass, Seashore Paspalum, St. Augustinegrass, Tall Fescue (including turf-type), Zoysia	395	1.5	8.9
Buffalograss, Kentucky Bluegrass, Perennial Ryegrass	265	1.0	5.9
Creeping Red Fescue	195	0.75	4.6
Creeping Bentgrass	170	0.65	3.9

- 1) These are the maximum rates per calendar year by species limitations.
- ²⁾ May be used on newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass at rates not to exceed 137 lbs./Acre. Newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass stolon rooting may be temporarily retarded. Suppression only of Foxtail, Goosegrass and Rescuegrass due to reduced product rates used in sprigging situations.
 - Do not apply more than 395 lbs. of this product per calendar year.
- Use higher rates of this product to achieve higher levels of fertility and longer periods of weed control for each turf type, but do not exceed the maximum application rates specified in the Maximum Annual Rates Table.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

When used in accordance with this label this product will provide control of the following weeds:

Kochia Purslane, Common Speedwell, Persian Barnvardgrass Crabgrass (large, smooth) Henbit Bluegrass, Annual (Poa annua) Crowfootgrass Lambsquarter, Common Pusley, Florida Sprangletop Itcharass Carpetweed Cupgrass, Woolly Johnsongrass (from seed) Lovegrass Rescuegrass³ Surge, Prostrate Shepherd's Purse² Chickweed, Common Foxtails, Annual Jungerlice Panicum (Texas, Fall, Browntop) Witchgrass Chickweed, Mouseear (from seed) Goosegrass1 Knotweed Signalgrass, Broadleaf Woodsorrel, Yellow Pigweed

- 1 In many areas a single application of 170 to 395 lbs./Acre of this product will control goosegrass. However, under heavy goosegrass pressure and/or an extended growing season, most effective weed control may be obtained by making an initial application of 170 to 265 lbs./Acre followed after 60 to 90 days by a second application at doses that would not exceed those given in the **Maximum Annual Rate Table**. Do not exceed the maximum rate for turforass species listed in the **Maximum Annual Rate Table** above.
- 2 Apply this product in late summer, fall or winter prior to germination.
- 3 Suppression only.

Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application rates listed for each turf species. All applications must be made prior to germination of the weed seeds.

WHEN TO APPLY AFTER OVERSEEDING TURF

Do not apply to overseeded turf within 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer. Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if this product is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second inch of soil, not thatch plus soil.

WHEN TO OVERSEED AFTER APPLICATION

This product will inhibit the germination of turf species if overseeded too soon after application. Follow rates and intervals in the table below for best overseeding/reseeding results.

Lebanon Pro Brand FERTILIZER WITH Prodiamine 0.38%

PREEMERGENCE WEED CONTROL Rate (Ib./A)		Months Before Overseeding		
Product	Al	North	Transition	South
132	.50	4	4	4
170	.66	5	4	4
195	.74	6	5	5
210	.80		6	6
265	1.00		7	7
300	1.14			9
342	1.30			10
305	1.50			12

LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS (including Established Perennials and Wildflower Plantings)

Apply this product for residual preemergence weed control in ornamentals.

USE RATES

Apply this product at 170 to 395 lbs./Acre in fall and/or spring. Use higher rates of application for longer control periods. Sequential applications are to be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application rate of 395 lbs./Acre.

APPLICATION TIMING AND INFORMATION

This product is a preemergence herbicide and will not control emerged weeds. Most effective weed control in ornamentals will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1 to 2 inches) mechanical incorporation, prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application.

Best weed control is obtained when this product is applied to soil free of clods, weeds, and debris such as leaves. Prior to application of this product, control existing vegetation by hand weeding, cultivation or the use of an appropriate postemeroence herbicide.

ESTABLISHED LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS

Apply this product in the fall and/or spring to established ornamentals as a broadcast, over the top or directed application. Irrigation or rainfall soon after application will wash residues off plant foliage and activate this product in the soil.

NEWLY TRANSPLANTED LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS

Apply this product to newly transplanted ornamentals as a broadcast, over the top or directed application. Delay application to allow soil to settle around new transplants and water thoroughly before applying this product. Apply this product after cuttings form roots and become established. Apply before budding/grafting or after buds/grafts have taken to avoid any inhibition of the tissue union.

TOLERANT ORNAMENTAL SPECIES

This product will not harm most trees, shrubs, vines and flowers. The species listed below are tolerant to this product. Best results will be obtained when this product is uniformly applied to the soil surface; avoid applying to ornamental shoots which may defeat the effort to get uniform distribution on the soil surface. Apply this product over the top of these species.

When plants are under stress (such as heat, drought, or frost damage) some cultivars of listed plants may be sensitive to this product.

Fir species** (Balsam, Fraser, Noble, etc.) Abelia: Sherwood Japanese Maple Norway Maple Varrow: King Edward Kiwi* Lily-of-the-Nile (African Lily) Agapantifus orientalis Five-Leaf or Chocolate Vine Lady's Leek, Nodding Onion Japanese Anemone Aquilegia: Red and Gold Vine Hill Manzanita Cape Weed Wormwood; Silver Mound, Castle Aster: Sonny Blue, Purple Dome Aster X Frikartii Lady Fern; Fern Lady Japanese Aucuba Fibrous Begonia: Hardy Grandis Barberry	Wintergreen Barberry Mentor Barberry Japanese Barberry Japanese Barberry Warty Barberry Bergenia cordifolia Snowbank Butterfly-Bush (Dwarf Bl Royal Red Japanese Boxwood Weeping Bottlebrush Scotch Heather Tussock Bellflower, (Whi Clips) Trumpet Creeper, Trump Flower, Madame Gale Hottentot Fig (loe Plant) Feathery Cassia Wild Lilac Ceratostigma plumbagonoides False Cypress Chrysanthemum nippon Cleyrea Clirus species* Coreopsis (Calliopsis): E
Daibeiry	Outcopaia (Odillopaia). L

tlergreen Barberry tor Barberry tor Barberry anese Barberry ty Barberry genia cordifolia wbank etrify-Bush (Dwarf Blue); oyal Red anese Boxwood eping Bottlebrush toth Heather sock Bellflower, (White lips) mpet Creeper, Trumpet ower, Madame Galen tentot Fig (Ice Plant) thery Cassia 1 Liliac atlostigma umbagonoides se Cypress ysanthemum nipponicum yera us species* eopsis (Galliopsis): Early	Sunrise, Moonbeam Flowering Dogwood American Dogwood Pampas Grass Cranberry Cotoneaster Cotoneaster Bearberry Cotoneaster Rockspray Cotoneaster Hawthorne Lucifer Italian Cypress White Trailing Ice Plant Cooperi Pink Larkspur: Blue Elf Dianthus; Maiden Pinks "Zing" Cheddar Pink Hop Bush Coneflower, Purple; Magnus Silverberry Wintercreeper Japanese Spindle Tree (Evergreen Euorymus) Spreading Euonymus Japanese Aralia	Border Forsyll Weeping Fors Greenstem F. Gaillardia, Bla "Goblin" Gardenia, Car, Radicans Gaura sp. Gentian Gladiolus Speaby's Breath English W. Sunrose Dayilly: Aztec Oro, Tender Rose of Sharc Mallow: Disco Chinese Hibis Hosta, "Sears Houtturynia co watrynia co watryni
eupsis (Gaillupsis). Lally	Japanese Atalia	Digical Hyurai

thia Holly rsvthia Chinese Holly Japanese Holly; Helleri orsythia anket Flower American Holly Yaupon Holly: Schillings Inula ensifolia ne-Jasmine Sword-Leaved Iris: Jodlesona Siberian Iris: Cabernet Iris species** cies** Winter Jasmine Chinese Juniper: Nick's Compact, Parsonnii Shore Juniper: Blue Pacific Gold Stella De Parsoni Creeping Juniper Love ron** Walnut* Belle White Shrimp Plant SCUS Crane Myrtle ain Lilv Crape Myrtle: Tuscarora Weeping Lantana sucker" Lavender: Munstead ordata var. Edelweiss Chinese Privet: Variegata Amur Privet angea

Japanese Privet Glossy Privet (Waxleaf) Lilv: Jazz Big Blue Lilv: Turf: Silver Mound: Evergreen Giant Liriope. Variegated Liriope. Creeping Cardinal Flower, Indian Pink Japanese Honeysuckle Tatarian Honevsuckle Burgundy Loosestrife: Modern Pink Magnolia species** Ice Plant Crabapple* Yaku Jima, Silberfeder Heavenly Bamboo Narcissus species** Oleander Olive* Mondo Grass Osmanthus (False Holly): Gulf Tide Trailing African Daisy Sourwood

Tree Peony Fountain Grass (Dwarf) Perovskia atriplicifolia Avocado* Frasier's Photinia (Redtip) Dragonhead, False: Vivid Spruce species** (Colorado Blue, Norway, etc.) Lily-of-the-Valley Bush Calabrian Pine Canary Island Pine Slash Pine Aleppo Pine Austrian Pine Longleaf Pine Monterey Pine Japanese Black Pine Eastern White Pine Scotch Pine Loblolly Pine Virginia Pine Pistachio* Queensland Pittosporum Japanese Pittosporum

Japanese Yew

English Laurel Almond, Apricot, Nectarine. Peach Plum and Prune* Douglas Fir** Firethorn (Scarlet) Firethorn (P Fortuneana) Firethorn (P Koidzumii) Bradford Pear sp. Oak, Shumard's Red Oak species Indian Hawthorne Yedda Hawthorn 'Coral Bells' 'Delaware Valley White' 'Flame Creeper' 'Formosa' 'Girard Crimson' 'George L. Tabor' 'Hino-crimson' 'P.IM' 'Roseum Elegans' 'Wakeiebisu' 'White Gumbo' Lady Bank's Rose

Rosemary*

Black-Eved Susan: Goldstrum Santolina Saxifrage: Purple Dome Pincushion Flower Stonecrop (Sedum album) Stonecrop: Lidakense Stonecrop (Sedum dasyphyllum) Stonecrop: Dragon's Blood Spirea: Anthony Waterer Australian Brushcherry Japanese Yew Germander Meadow Rue American Arborvitae Star Jasmine Canada Hemlock Tulip species Veronica, Speedwell; Sunny Border Japanese Viburnum Sweet Viburnum

Japanese Snowball

Canary Island Viburnum

Arrowood Viburnum

Leatherleaf Viburnum

Greater Periwinkle Vinca

Old Fashioned Weigela

Spanish Bayonet, Yucca

Adam's Needle, Yucca

Common Periwinkle, Vinca

Laurustinus

Grape*

Cranberry Bush

barberry Coreopsis (Calliopsis): Early Japanese Aralia Biglear Hydrangea Amur

*Do not use on food producing trees, vines, or plants. ** Not for use on container grown plants.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

NOTE: Supplemental applications of lawn fertilizer are needed to achieve a minimum of 1 pound nitrogen per 1,000 sq. ft.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store product in its original container in a cool, dry, locked place out of the reach of children and animals.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available. Completely empty container into application equipment.

Then dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned stay out of smoke.

WARRANTY